

Colonel Finds He Can't Seize It, So He
Buys Up All Editions
Practically all editions of the Chicago
Whip, a newspaper published by and for
negroes, were ordered bought up and
stored in the Seventh regiment armory by
Col. Anson L. Bolte of the Third regi-
ment, when the paper made its sudden
and unexpected appearance on the street
today with headlines reading:
"One Hundred Dead and 1,000 Injured."
Col. Bolte purchased the editions after he
had been told by Adj. Gen. Dickson that
he could not seize them. The owner and
editor of the paper, William C. Linton,
agreed to part with the stock remaining
in the concern's press rooms, 3457 South
State street.

THE NEGRO STAR
Issued Every Wednesday at
Wichita - Kansas
H. T. SIMS,
Editor and Publisher
1241 Wabash Ave., Phone Mkt. 3130
W. S. MOORE, Assistant Editor.
REV. J. W. GAYDEN, Associate Editor.
WM. F. OUTLAW, Foreman.
SUBSCRIPTIONS
One year \$1.50
Six months \$1.00
Per copy 5 Cents

Any statement, or error, or errone-
ous publication brought to the atten-
tion of the staff will be appreciated
and corrected.
J. E. HORTON, Managing Editor
OFFICIAL STAFF
W. R. Knox, Editor
H. S. Dotson, Secretary and Treasurer
J. E. Horton, General Manager
WACO TEX TRIBUNE
FEBRUARY 15, 1919

**NEGROES MAY VOTE IN
WHITE MAN'S PRIMARY;
INJUNCTION IS SOUGHT**
Whether negroes have the right to
vote in the city primaries will be de-
cided in the Nineteenth district court by
Judge E. J. Clark Saturday afternoon.
Hitherto negroes have not been permit-
ted to vote in the primaries. An injunc-
tion filed by several negroes against
E. L. Duke et al. to restrain the holding
of a white man's primaries will be test-
ed at that time.

**The Messenger, Negro
Paper, to Reappear**

The Messenger, the only radical
magazine published by Negroes in
the world, will reappear on January
28. This will be known as the peace
and reconstruction number. War
conditions prevented the publication
of the Messenger, owing to its radical
character.
The forthcoming issue has a recon-
struction program which outlines the
demands of the Negro. Its editors,
A. Philip Randolph and Chandler
Owen, are sparing no pains in making
the Messenger a journal of radical
and scientific opinion. The following
are articles and editorials which will
appear in the January 28 issue of
the Messenger: "The Failure of
Kelly Miller," "Why Ever Man
Should Sell His Vote," "The Ethical
Basis of Socialism," "Come Out of
Russia."
BOROUGH OF BRONX NEWS
NOVEMBER 30, 1919
Socialists to Hear Negro Editor
W. A. Domingo, Editor of the *Am-
erican*, a negro publication, will lecture Sunday, at
8 p. m. on "Radicalism and the Negro," in the
Headquarters of the 1st A. D. Socialist Party,
542 E. 145th St., near St. Ann's Ave.
Lectures will be held every Sunday evening,
and the following are among the lecturers:
James O'Neal, associate editor of the *Call*, Al-
gernon Lee, Educational Director of the Rand
School, Marie MacDonald, Edmund Seidel, Da-
vid P. Berenberg and others.

**N Y C AMERICAN
AUGUST 29, 1919
Negro World Editor
Held on Libel Charge**

Marcus Garvey, editor of The Negro
World, was held in \$3,000 on a charge
of criminal libel yesterday in Jeffer-
son Market Court.
Assistant District Attorney Kilroe
charged that Garvey recently pub-
lished in The Negro World articles
calculated to bring Kilroe into
"hatred, contempt and ridicule."

The Favorite Magazine

A WEEKLY SURVEY OF THE NEGRO RACE.
Edited and Published by Fenton Johnson.
Office: 3518 South State Street, Chicago, Ill.
VOL. 1. SATURDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1918. NO. 20.
Subscription Rates: Five Cents a Copy, \$2.00 a Year.
(Foreign, \$2.50 a Year).
Advertising Rates on Application.

Articles of current interest to colored people, short stories, verse
and photographic studies of Negro life desired. When accompanied by
a stamped, self-addressed envelope they will be returned if not found
available.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY COMMUNITY.
Entered in the Postoffice, Chicago, Ill., as second class matter Nov 1918.
15c. Per Copy
20c. outside U. S.

THE MESSENGER
Published Monthly by the MESSENGER PUBLISHING CO., Inc.
Main Office: 2305 7th Avenue, New York, N. Y. Telephone, Morningside 1996
Application entered for 2nd Class Mailing Privileges at Post Office, New York, N. Y., July 6th, 1919.
Vol. II AUGUST 1919 No. 8

EDITORS	
A. PHILIP RANDOLPH	CHANDLER OWEN
VICTOR R. DALY, Business Manager	
CONTRIBUTING EDITORS	
W. A. DOMINGO	GEORGE FRAZIER MILLER
WILLIAM N. COLSON	
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The Crusader

"The Magazine Nearly Every Negro Reads"

Published Monthly by CYRIL V. BRIGGS

AT 2299 SEVENTH AVENUE : : : NEW YORK CITY
CYRIL V. BRIGGS, Editor. Tel. Morningside 2056

VOL. 2

OCTOBER, 1919

NO. 2

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TEN CENTS A COPY

RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTION: An order blank with your magazine is notice that your subscription has expired.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS: In Ordering a Change of Address, both the old and new address must be given.

Entered as second-class matter October 25, 1918, at the post office at New York, New York, under the enactment of March 3, 1879.

STAFF

Bertha F. Briggs, Business Manager

Cyril V. Briggs, Editor

W. Francis, Jr.

R. L. Rossi

Gertrude E. Hall

Bertha De Basco

Newspapers and Magazines - 1919.

Missouri State Register

GEORGE HANNIBAL WRIGHT

Editor and Publisher

THE ONLY NEGRO NEWSPAPER IN NORTHEAST SECTION
ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION

PROF. MARTIN LEWIS

Associate Editor

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Payable in Advance

One Year *Missouri State Register* 80
One-half Year *6-14-1919* 50
Three Months 50

Add 50 cents to all foreign subscriptions.

Change of address—Subscribers should notify office of your new address.

The editor will be glad to receive photos and manuscripts for publication and will return same in good condition.

The management repudiates responsibility for views expressed by contributors.

No attention paid to unsigned contributions.

MEMBER

NATIONAL NEGRO PRESS ASSOCIATION

Colored Houstonians

Voted Last Friday

The Houston Observer
For City Officials

3-1-19

After having fought and contributed for democracy, several colored citizens of Houston offered themselves at the ballot boxes last Friday to cast a vote for municipal officials and not a single one, so far as The Observer can ascertain, was turned down. The local election was not termed a "white man's primary," but "democratic primary." The colored citizens concluded that since we had all done our bit for democracy it made us all democrats, thereby predicated their action on the above conclusion.

How well it worked is demonstrated by the fact that perhaps several hundred colored Americans cast ballots for their choice of the various candidates, who offered themselves for nomination, equivalent to election, at the hands of the voters of this city.

Whether the decision at Waco assist-

ed us locally, The Observer is unable to state just here, but there are many who opine that the court's decision at Waco tremendously helped us here, for some of these citizens had previously presented themselves for exercising the elective franchise right in such elections and were told right in Houston that this is a "white man's primary."

The colored race must become interested in its own welfare and labor for its own betterment and it should concern us a good deal more who is mayor of the city in which we live or sheriff of the county than who is president of the United States. Furthermore, what's in a name, if the principles and policies are not put into daily operation and practical application?

Miss Uxenia B. Scott, for the last year or more connected with Social Service Bureau, being the only colored worker of this character in Texas, leaves Sunday for Raleigh, N. C., where she takes up War Camp Community work, as operated by the War Work Council. Miss Scott's host of friends loathe to give her up, but wish her success in her new field of human endeavor, which she is fully capable of filling satisfactorily. She will be succeeded here by Miss Thelma Edwards, who has served as understudy during Miss Scott's tenure of office.

Indiscreet Editor Is

The In Hands of Law
Advocate

NEW YORK, N. Y., Sept. 18.—Marcus Garvey, editor of the Negro World, was found guilty of criminal libel by Magistrate Simpson in Jefferson Market Court last week. He was held in \$3,000 bail for trial in Special Sessions. The complainant was Assistant District Attorney Edwin P. Kilroe. *9-13-19*

Mr. Kilroe complained that Garvey printed in August issues of his paper articles calculated to cast on him "ridicule, hatred, contempt or obliquity." Garvey is the promoter of the "Black Star Line," which he has advertised as a steamship line between this country, Africa, Central and South America and the West Indies for the Negro race only.

Last Monday night at Carnegie Hall Garvey delivered an address in which he condemned the lynching of colored people in the South, and said in effect that if the colored people would press a button when such lynchings occurred a white man in Africa would be treated similarly. Transcripts of this speech are now being investigated by the District Attorney's office and the Lusk Legislative Committee.

REPORT OF THE NATIONAL NEGRO PRESS ASSOCIATION IN SESSION

The people

By J. Finley Wilson of the Washington Eagle, J. E. Mitchell of the St. Louis Argus.

St. Louis, Mo., August 14th—Pursuant to the call issued by Jos. L. Jones, Chairman of the Executive Committee, of Cincinnati, Ohio, the members of the executive committee met in section 28 of the Coliseum at 10:30. In the absence of the chairman, the Corresponding Secretary, Henry Allen Boyd, called the meeting to order. He read the official call, stating the absence of the chairman and the president and suggested that L. L. Campbell of Austin, Texas, representing the Liberator, preside over the meeting. By common consent Mr. Campbell took the chair. He asked the recording secretary to call the roll of the executive committee. Upon the roll call the following were present: J. Finley Wilson, Washington, D. C.; Mr. Nick Chiles, Topeka, Kans.; Emmett J. Scott, of Washington, D. C.; Sol C. Johnson, Savannah, Ga.; Chas. Sullivan, Chicago, Ill.; G. L. Knox, Indianapolis, Ind.; R. E. Jones, New Orleans, La.; W. T. Andrews, Baltimore, Md.; Geo. H. Wright, Hannibal, Mo.; L. C. Jones, Braxton, Miss.; L. L. Campbell, Austin, Texas; Messrs. Barnett and Brashers, Chicago, Ill.; J. E. Washington, Memphis, Tenn.; J. J. Olefield, Chattanooga, Tenn.

A motion that a standardizing of rates was authorized and drawn up.

On motion the following recommendations were made:

1. That all the members of the Press Association, editors or managers of the newspapers place on file an affidavit of their circulation so as to make a combined circulation of the newspapers.
2. That all members of the Press Association co-operate in getting established the standardizing of advertisement rates.
3. That the reciprocal news service as formulated and outlined and worked out be functioned in by the members of the Press Association.
4. That the courtesies of exchange between the members be revived.
5. That the spirit as well as the plan of the Vigilance Committee be carried out.
6. That a permanent exhibit consisting of a bound volume of each publication holding membership in the Association be forwarded to the office

of the corresponding secretary, and that said exhibit appear at each annual gathering to show the style mechanism, make-up and the splendid work done by the newspapers.

It was then voted that the members of the Association defray the expenses of this exhibit, unless otherwise provided.

7. That the press unite on some plan in co-operating, so each Negro may attain his full rights as an American citizen and enjoy the democracy for which he fought.

8. That a new National Negro Press Badge be secured by every member of the Press Association.

9. That the membership dues be collected as provided in the constitution, unless they are paid within 60 days after the annual convention that the rules in the constitution will be applied.

On motion the meeting was adjourned.

L. L. CAMPBELL, Chairman.
J. FINLEY WILSON, Acting Recording Secretary.
J. E. MITCHELL, Acting Recording Secretary.

H. A. BOLD, Corresponding Secretary.

NEW PAPER FOR SOUTH CAROLINA.

One of the latest additions to the newspaper family in the United States is The Standard, a weekly journal published at Columbia, S. C., by the Standard Publishing Company. Volume 1, Number 1, arrived this week dated June 27th. It purports to be the official organ of the African Methodist Episcopal Church of the 7th District. It will be a religious journal in the main and the editor states that in the outset it is launched to convey general news to the public and the African Methodist medium. He says it will be the official organ of the Seventh District and they claim first as their mission the job of setting up facts and keeping the immediate constituency of the one hundred thousand in their district in touch with the connective growth of their church. And then he says they hope to stimulate race loyalty. The Standard has taken on a great job, but the Globe wishes them success and hopes they will carry the burden that is imposed upon them in their salutatory with ease and grace. The editor and manager is Rev. R. W. Mance. There are four associate editors, apparently all ministers of the African Methodist Connection. *24-19*

The Saturday Review, New National Magazine, Will Soon Appear

THE SATURDAY REVIEW, a new national weekly magazine, will soon be issued from Chicago by THE EWELL PUBLISHING COMPANY, a stock company now being organized under the laws of Illinois. The project is creating wide interest, and the stock, which is \$10 a share, is being rapidly subscribed. 11-22-19

It will be a magazine of general appeal, conducted along the lines of the standard publications. Will strive to gain the co-operation of fairminded men and women everywhere in its efforts to bring about better relations between the races. It will not be a radical publication, but a sane and logical journal designed to appeal to all races.

The methods employed to found the company inspire confidence. All pre-organization expenses are borne by the organization committee, consisting of Thomas S. Ewell, Henry W. Hammond, Ernestine V. Oldham, George F. Proctor, Vivian G. Harsh and James F. Meyers. All money paid for stock is deposited with the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, and is not to be used until the company is incorporated and there is enough money in hand to insure success. In case of failure to complete the organization every dollar will be refunded to the subscriber with interest. No chance to lose.

The company's treasurer, Henry W. Hammond, probation officer of Chicago, is bonded by the American Surety Company of New York.

Thomas S. Ewell, who heads the project, has had wide experience as a writer and publisher and thoroughly understands the work of establishing a national magazine.

Good Agents Wanted

Agents everywhere are requested to write immediately for terms, so as to be ready to handle the first issue. People who have money to invest, and who would assist in establishing a great organ of public opinion, are urged to write for full particulars. Stock in this company will pay.

Writers may send in material any time for examination. After the organization is completed all manuscripts will be paid for on acceptance. The FAVORITE MAGAZINE was founded by Fenton Johnson, the widely known poet, Aug. 3, 1918, as a week-ly periodical. It achieved a tremendous circulation and through its open and fearless attacks on racial oppressors it has been barred from several prisons and from one or two libraries controlled by whites, but our people in the south have learned to love it, so they call it "The Bible of the Race Problem." When it entered the field as a monthly in July, 1919, every copy was sold in less than a week and a new edition of the same issue had to be run off from the press. Beginning with the November issue the Favorite reaches the 40,000 mark, ample testimony of its great popularity.

Address communications to Thomas S. Ewell, 3728 Prairie Ave., Chicago, Ill.

THE FAVORITE MAGAZINE SCORES GREAT TRIUMPH

After a struggle of over a year the Favorite Magazine, the "world's greatest monthly," edited by Fenton Johnson, has reached the 40,000 mark, the largest in the history of Race Journalism. The October issue of this great magazine, 68 pages of everything concerning the Race, features the "Other Side," a one act drama based on the recent Race riot. The editorials are on "The Negro Revolution," "Omaha's Disgrace Is a Warning to the Nation," "How We Have Grown," "Are They Equal to the Task?" "We Are the Black Majority" and "The New Negro." Under the caption of "The Chicago Spokesman" the following local topics are discussed. "The People's Movement

and Maclay Hoyne," "Black and Tan Resorts," "The Monogram Theater," "Colored Business Houses" and "Our Political Powers." The interesting articles are "Religion and the Race," by Dr. M. A. Majors; "Helping the Colored Worker," a study of Y. M. C. A. work in the Chicago Stock Yards; "Dressing Room Gossip," by Flournoy E. Miller; "Plain Facts," by James H. Moody; "Mr. Ferris as Philosopher," "The Spotlight Is on Charles Older," by Scrip; "The Golden Age of Negro Athletics," by Uncle Ned; "Was Dr. Bundy Justly Imprisoned?" by Jennie E. Lawrence, and poems by Francis Leroy Holmes, George H. N. Jones, and Don Merker. In addition to all of that we have selections from the best editorials on the Race under the caption of "Paste Pot and Shears," the best poems by Race poets under the caption of "Voices of Living Negro Poets," religious news edited by Joseph L. Griffin, social gossip from all parts of the country, and 20 pages of national news concerning the Race under the caption of "The Notebook."

Big November Issue

The November issue of the Favorite Magazine contains all those features, and in addition features "An Open Letter to the United States Congress" by J. A. Rogers, author of "As Nature Leads." This "Open Letter" is the most astounding document issued in years and no one can afford to miss it. There are editorials on "The Auction Block," "Negro Crime," "Why We Should Have a Labor Federation of Our Own," and "Suppressing Negro Periodicals," and comment on the following local topics: "Need for a New Y. M. C. A.," "Negro Business Man's Folly," "Hyde Park Menaces the Race," "Is Lucas Our Leader?" etc. There is plenty of fiction, the chief story being from the pen of our own Dr. Majors. Scrip, the famous critic, has "discovered" the "Supremely Great" colored actress and writes about her in this issue. Uncle Ned discusses Sam Langford as the new heavyweight champion. The November issue is 68 pages and is topped off with another cartoon by Henry Brown.

Only Fifteen Cents

This great magazine is only 15 cents a copy, \$1 a year, and is published at 3518 S. State street, Chicago, Ill. Applications for agencies may be sent to the circulation manager; no stamps required. The FAVORITE MAGAZINE was founded by Fenton Johnson, the widely known poet, Aug. 3, 1918, as a week-ly periodical. It achieved a tremendous circulation and through its open and fearless attacks on racial oppressors it has been barred from several prisons and from one or two libraries controlled by whites, but our people in the south have learned to love it, so they call it "The Bible of the Race Problem." When it entered the field as a monthly in July, 1919, every copy was sold in less than a week and a new edition of the same issue had to be run off from the press. Beginning with the November issue the Favorite reaches the 40,000 mark, ample testimony of its great popularity.

Dr. Scott an Optometrist

Dr. P. J. Scott, 3321 South State street, has recently been licensed by the state of Illinois to practice the science of optometry. The doctor is numbered among the few of our fellows who have been granted such distinction by the state of Illinois. It came as a result of hard study, which

enables him to measure up to the requirements justifying the conferring of the degree.

Goes to Work for Hunter Bank

Miss Carolyn Armstead, formerly of Selma, Ala., a graduate of the business college at Oberlin university, went to work as a stenographer at the R. W. Hunter & Co. Bank, 48th and State streets.

WESTERN NEGRO PRESS ASSOCIATION TO MEET IN KANSAS CITY

A. J. Smitherman, Editor of the Tulsa Star and president of the Western Negro Press Association has issued a call for its Fifteenth Annual Convention. The association will meet in the Masonic Temple, 18th and Woodland streets, Kansas City, Mo., July 25 and 26, 1919, and expects in addition to its regular program to feature the discussion of important public questions affecting the interests and welfare of the race in the United States of America.

President Smitherman in his announcement says:

"I earnestly urge all newspaper and magazine owners, whether members of the association or not, to send representatives to this meeting, which will be one of the most interesting in the history of our association.

"Never before have the opportunities seemed so bright for the Colored newspaper man as now; and never before have the attending responsibilities been so pronounced as those now devolving upon us.

"It is for the Colored press to blaze the way for the Race thru the veiled future of a great reconstruction period, and to meet these grave responsibilities, to act wisely and timely, is one of the big problems we will attempt to solve at this meeting.

"An interesting feature of this meeting will be the entertainment in Kansas City on the 24th and 25th of July of the Oklahoma Boosters, a large party of Race people who will travel in autos from Tulsa, Oklahoma, via Winfield, Wichita, Newton and Topeka to Kansas City. The press boys have been invited to make the entire trip with the party and doubtless many of them will accept the invitation.

New National Organizer

Rev. J. G. Robinson Elected National Organizer of the N. E. B. League, vice, Rev. B. W. Murrell, Resigned—Strong Race Champion—Driven from Tennessee for Letter to President on Race Riots.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2, 1919.—At the call meeting of the executive committee of the National Equal Rights League held today in the vestry of the Metropolitan A. M. E. church, Rev. C. M. Tanner, pastor the church where the historic Colored World Democracy Congress was held last year, Rev. J. G. Robinson was elected national organizer of the League.

The resignation of Rev. B. W. Murrell was tendered and accepted, it being based on the arduous duties of a new pastorate at Quincy, Illinois. Rev. Murrell had already appointed Rev. Robinson as deputy organizer, and he endorsed him as his successor. Rev. T. J. Wroppin of D. C., who presided, Rev. C. M. Tanner and Wm. M. Trotter spoke in Rev. Robinson's favor and he was elected unanimously.

Rev. Robinson has been an outspoken advocate of the cause of his race for years. He led the forces of self-defense in the Atlanta Massacre. He was ordered out of Georgia for his defense of our women, and when the race riots came at Washington he published an open letter to President Wilson. This manly appeal received such wide publicity that his life was threatened if he ever returned to his home in Tennessee. He is now an exile from home. Rev. Robinson is a great preacher and orator and an earnest race-man.

EDITOR IS HELD ON

LAND FRAUD CHARGE

Accused of Obtaining Money Under False Pretenses—Out on Heavy Bail

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 28.—When the newspaper game became uninteresting H. E. Bryant, editor of the Thrift Race Record, published at 728 Broad street, this city, decided to sell land. He didn't care whose property it was; he just wanted to sell something. But Bryant selected the wrong man to play his trick on. He is alleged to have represented to buyers, mostly our people, that the "Thrift Race of the World," an Arizona corporation, of which he is president, had taken over the ownership of the entire tract of land from Nathan Rathblott, 1003 North 7th street.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Vickers appeared before Magistrate Charley Pommer and testified that they had paid to Bryant \$100 to be held for them, which they could obtain at any time, and an additional \$325, which was the balance of the purchase price of a five-acre lot bought by them at Newtonville, N. J. When an investigation was made it revealed the fact that Bryant was obtaining money under false pretenses.

Mr. Rathblott, real owner of the property, declared that Bryant had at one time entered an agreement for the purchase of the land, but failed to carry out the agreement and did not pay any money under the contract of purchase. Bryant was held under \$1,000 bail for court.

Judge Grants Right to Vote in City Primary

Waco, Tex., Feb. 28.—As a result of a ruling given in the 19th District court by Judge B. B. Clark in the case of L. M. Sublett versus E. L. Duke (white), our people may take part in the city primaries. The Lily white primary has been declared unlawful and hereafter both races will have a voice in saying who shall rule. The measure was vigorously fought by Democrats who have climbed into office at the expense of our people and who feared defeat should we have the control of the ballot. Attorney R. D. Evans represented Mr. Sublett.

Judge Clark in giving his decision stated that in keeping our people from voting it was in violation of the federal and state constitutions, and also contrary to a provision of the Terrell election law.

THE CANADIAN OBSERVER

J. R. B. Whitney, Publisher and Proprietor
Toronto, Saturday, Feb. 15, 1919.
Published weekly by J. R. B. Whitney,
154 Jones Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

—Telephone Gerrard 3060—
Address all letters and make all cheques and moneyorders payable to J. R. B. Whitney.

Subscriptions by mail postpaid.
One Year \$1.00
Six Months60
Three Months40
Single Copy05
To United States \$1.50
In sending manuscripts for publication, kindly enclose stamps, if copy is desired to be returned.

To insure publication in the current issue, correspondence must be in The Observer Office not later than Tuesday Noon.

Advertising rates will be furnished.

THE FRATERNAL GAZETTE.

ISSUED MONTHLY.
6-14-19

DR. J. B. SINGLETON S. M.
General Manager.

DR. J. W. WHITFIELD,
Editor of the Fraternal Gazette.

ASSOCIATE EDITORS' FRATERNAL GAZETTE.

Dr. E. W. Sterrs, M. D., Decatur, Ala.
Dr. W. T. Strong, D. D., Belzonia, Miss.
Prof. Lee Avant, Harrisburg, Ark.

Price, 50 cents per year.

Address; Fraternal Gazette, 410 Cedar street, Nashville, Tenn.

THE BLACK DISPATCH

300 E. 2nd St. Phone Maple 818

Entered at Oklahoma City as Second Class Mail Matter.
Under Act of March 3, 1879. — 12-19

One Year. *The Black Dispatch* \$2.00
Six Months \$1.25
Three Months75

All matter for publication must be in this office not later than Tuesday night. Sign your name to all manuscript for publication.

All manuscript sent to this office for publication must bear the full name and address of the author, otherwise the same will receive no notice by this publication.

It occasionally happens that for some reason or other papers are missed by being mis-sent, lost or stolen. In case of subscribers not receiving their paper, inform us by postal, and we shall cheerfully furnish a duplicate of said missing number. We do not desire that you miss a single issue.

No attention paid to anonymous letters.

Copy must be written plainly on one side of the paper, and to insure insertion in current issue must reach this office Wednesday. Correspondents please take notice.

OSCOE DUNJEE Editor
BRUSILLA DUNJEE HOUSTON Contributing Editor
THE ST. LOUIS INDEPENDENT NEWS

Into the journalistic field of St. Louis has come the first issue of the St. Louis Independent News, a weekly publication with its corps of young men, Messrs. Walter Lowe, Editor; Lewie R. May, Associate; W. Silas Fearance, Sporting Editor and Wm. L. Mischaux, Advertising Manager, heading their ship as they launch this new enterprise. They are young men, full of life, vigor and ambition.

In their initial number under the caption, "What We Stand for" among other things mentioned is, "we shall be independent, in that this publication will never belong to any party," and "fearlessly" in printing news. Presuming that political party is referred to, we may well state here that if they are able to carry out these statements well and good. It surely requires an independent fearless newspaper among the Colored people of St. Louis to succeed. This statement is based on our own experience. Honesty of policy and purpose is a valuable asset in making a substantial newspaper in a community.

We wish these young men much success. There is a broad field here. Many battles for our race to be fought. And, no doubt, they will find their hands full.

One of the editors of this young publication being rather zealous of his work, told the congregation at St. James church last Sunday that his publication was the only fearless Negro paper in St. Louis, in that it had an article on its front page that the other two papers dared not publish. We must confess that we have failed to see anything on the front or any other page of their first issue that was worth while that we had any fears about publishing. Therefore, we would advise this ambitious editor that hammers and

falsehoods are poor foundations on which to build a substantial newspaper.

Again we wish the St. Louis Independent News much success along the line of true journalism.

WORK DONE, THE MOST CONSTRUCTIVE IN THE HISTORY OF ORGANIZATION

SIXTY-SEVEN PUBLICATIONS REPRESENTED. C. J. PERRY ELECTED PRESIDENT. NASHVILLE, A SCENE OF SOCIAL ACTIVITY DURING THE SESSION.

Jim Dallas
Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 8th. (Reciprocal News Service).—After deliberating three days the National Negro Press Association adjourned here last night. Representatives of the press were in attendance from various states in the Union, and the work done at the Association for the highest development of Negro journalism, has been regarded as perhaps the most constructive in the history of the organization. The Knights of the Quill, as they have been styled, deliberated upon matters of vital importance to the newspaper fraternity, covering every line of publication. The first session held Wednesday morning was purely executive and was presided over by Mr. Jos. L. Jones, the chairman of the Executive Committee from Cincinnati, Ohio. The report of the Executive Committee from the Atlantic City session was read, and the matter which they had recommended was taken up in detail, discussed and passed. Plans for the betterment of the organization, and particularly those publications affiliating with the Association, were fully outlined. The trend of every move made had in it the desire to help newspapers, regardless of whether they be political, educational, religious or secular. At the conclusion of the executive session the annual convention proper opened with President C. J. Perry, editor of The Philadelphia Tribune, Philadelphia, Pa., presiding. Thirty minutes for devotions were given, after which the committees' reports from the Atlantic City session to the Nashville session were submitted. Upon roll call it developed that sixty-seven publications were represented at the opening session. The routine of business for

consideration and for passage at this session was then read by Rev. J. H. Hamlett, editor of the Christian Index, Jackson, Tenn., the recording secretary. The items in their order considered and the disposition of the same were:

1. The work of the War Correspondent, Wm. Stevenson, who was endorsed and who went to France as a representative of the Association, brought forth favorable comment and received the endorsement of the Association.

2. Exchanging among newspapers was considered, and the Association went on record as favoring the even exchange: that is, where papers with the same price, this policy was to be continued, but where the papers were of different prices, the one whose was the lesser was to pay the difference.

3. A permanent exhibit of newspapers consisting of one year's publication bound into volume was endorsed, to be placed in the office of the Corresponding Secretary, this exhibit to be carried or sent to various expositions and fairs, as the occasion demanded.

4. A resolution calling upon newspapers over the country to assist each other in steering clear of the the fake advertising agencies who send copies to newspapers and refuse to pay for the space used, was endorsed and passed.

5. The syndicating of news of interest to all the people chronicling the latest happenings under the reciprocal news was given a thorough endorsement, and the papers urged to the practice.

6. A plan by which the annual convention to be held each February in Nashville might be more largely attended, was submitted and the members of the Association urged

to give space and publicity to the happenings of the Association to the end of increasing the interest in the organization among the newspaper fraternity.

7. Two new badges designed to be submitted by the chairman of the Executive Committee were ordered for the Association. The first badge will designate whether the member is a published and owner, and the second whether he is an editor or correspondent. Instructions were given that the Executive Committee pass upon this new design so that it would be ready within the next sixty days.

8. The position of the newspaper correspondents and their relation to the newspapers belonging to the Association was clearly defined and membership to the Association was to be offered.

9. The Association went on record as disapproving unprincipled attacks made by one newspaper against another where this attack involved no contention of principle or policy, the Association feeling that to every newspaper belongs the right to shape its own policy.

10. A ringing endorsement of a telegraph news service between the larger weekly journals whereby the latest happenings might be transmitted by wire through the inner telegraphic service was passed and enlarged upon.

11. An endorsement was given to the M. G. Dugger column after the originator of that column had outlined his plan to be circulated from week to week through the various publication.

12. An advertising agency to be operated under the auspices of the National Negro Press Association was recommended and Mr. J. R. B. Whitney, the editor of the Canadian Observer of Toronto, Canada, a member of the Association, was recommended to manage the agency, he agreeing to locate in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis or some other city in the United States accessible to the members of the organization. Further details of the plan however, were left with Mr. Whitney and the Executive Committee.

13. A resolution criticising Jim Crow sections in the daily papers as is operated in many of the Southern cities declaring that no material benefit could result therefrom to the Negro press was passed.

14. A campaign for membership to the end that all publications in the United States published for, by or in the interest of the Negro press was passed.

14. A campaign for membership to the end that all publications in the United States published for, by or in the interest of the Negro newspaper, was recommended, the idea being that the Association was for all classes of publications, the small as well as the large newspaper or publication.

In addition to these, action embodying the following was taken by the Association:

(a) A propaganda to be started whereby better treatment for the Negro and his interests through the white press of the country.

(b) That the Press Association should request and co-operate with the white press in discriminating exaggerated newspaper reports that are false and detrimental to the race.

(c) That newspapers would encourage the people everywhere to take up with the railroad administration, Department of Complaint at Washington, D. C., whenever unequal accommodations or injustices were given to the members of the race by any railroad company, discouraging the practice however, of getting into personal combat with the railroad conductors or employees.

(d) That an organization should be at once perfected to meet and counteract many organizations in the South now being promoted to keep the Negro down.

(e) That the Negro Press Association through its members attempt to show to the Negro business men the value of advertising in Negro journals.

(f) That the Negro Press Association formulate a message to be sent to the Peace Conference now in session at Versailles in the interest of better condition of the darker races.

(g) That a second demand be made upon the political organizations in their coming campaign for recognition of the Negro Press.

While the deliberations of the Association took up much time, the manner and dispatch of business were construed to be very efficient because of the limiting of the debates and the swiftness with which the topics germinated to the discussion was reached. The officers for the ensuing year elected were as follows: C. J. Perry, editor of the Philadelphia Tribune, Philadelphia, Pa., President; W. E. King, editor The Dallas Express, Dallas, Texas, First Vice President; Jas. W. Johnson, editor The Star of Zion, Charlotte, N. C., Second Vice President; Henry A. Boyd, Nashville, Tenn., Corresponding Secretary; B. J. Davis, editor The Atlanta Independent, Atlanta, Ga., Treasurer; J. A. Hamlett, editor The Christian Index, Jackson, Tenn., Recording Secretary; Miss B. L. Johnson, Manager The Newport Star, Newport News, Va., Assistant Recording Secretary; Jos. L. Jones, editor The Fraternal Monitor, Cincinnati, Ohio, Chairman of the Executive Committee; E. A. Williams, editor The Brotherhood, Cincinnati, Ohio, Auditor. An executive committee consisting from one to two members in each state in the Union was elected. A Code Service Committee was re-appointed, as a partial report from the committee had been submitted at the session and they were authorized to prosecute

their work and to, if possible, submit the proof of the code at the executive session next August in St. Louis, Mo. The report of the officers for the year was made, and it was shown by the President and the Corresponding Secretary that the greatest activity in the history of the organization had been kept up for the past twelve months.

Social Features.

The local committee in charge of arrangements was deluged with invitations for social functions and entertainments for the organization. The first night the Colonel W. L. King of Dallas, Texas, was the star of attraction at the Mt. Olive Baptist church where he delivered a brilliant address before one of the most appreciative audiences seen in Nashville, the ministers of the various churches supporting the meeting. On Thursday night Rev. and Mrs. Preston Taylor entertained the Association at a six o'clock dinner at Villa LaGreenwood out at Greenwood Park. Automobiles were put at the disposal of the organization and they left the National Baptist Publishing Board where all the sessions were held, at 5:30 p. m. The spacious home was decorated with ferns and cut flowers individual tables spread with place cards. Stafford's Jazz Band ten pieces, concealed behind a bank of evergreens, furnished music throughout the evening, and a six course menu was served consisting of the eatables of the season. After the elaborate dinner a special session of the Association was held in the home. Distinguished Nashville visitors were in attendance. Resolutions thanking Dr. and Mrs. Taylor for their courtesies were immediately passed. Preston Taylor, the host of the occasion, being one of Nashville's most prominent and wealthy citizens, said Greenwood Park, where the home is located, comprises forty acres, and was opened and donated to the entertainment of the Negroes of Nashville. It is reached by one street car line and two railroads and is on two of Nashville's principal pikes.

A. and I. State Normal.

On Friday at two o'clock Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Hale of the A. and I. State Normal, entertained at dinner the entire members of the press. A table was spread for forty, and automobiles were once more sent to the National Baptist Publishing Board to convey the entire organization out to the school. A heavy and blinding snow storm was in progress when the automobiles left, but when they reached the school a reception committee headed by President Hale and Prof. Hampton, met the quill pushers and they were ushered into the reception room of the President. A register was placed at their disposal and they wrote their names to be handed down to other generations. Dinner was soon announced and President Hale led the way to the spacious dining room. A table length of the room was spread and the President of the Association with

Dr. Boyd on one side and Secretary of their mammoth plant for the training of this help. A representative from the National Baptist Publishing Plant stated that they had four Linotype Machines, one Scott's All Size Rotary Press, one Duplex Perfecting Press, five Cylinder Presses, a number of Job Presses, a Washington Hand Press, a complete book binding establishment consisting of anything from a letter folder to a mammoth Dexter self-feeder Folder and a composing room occupying one entire third floor. He said the Plant which occupies about seven brick buildings, could offer the best training in practical work, but that they would only co-operate in this movement with the understanding that the individual is identified, the printers and newspaper representatives participating in the proposed plan would only send to them candidates who when properly instructed, would return to their respective employees for employment. It is understood that only a minimum cost would be attached to the instruction. Among those taking part in the discussion, and foremost in pushing the plan were J. E. Mitchell, of The St. Louis Argus, Nick Chiles, of the Topeka Plaindealer, J. Finley Wilson of the Washington Eagle, J. Oldfield of the Chattanooga Defender, L. L. Campbell of the Texas Liberator, a representative from The St. Louis Independent-Clarion, and several other newspapermen. The details for working out the complete proposition were left in the hands of a sub-committee appointed by the chairman for final action at the annual Press Association meeting to be held in Nashville next February.

SCHOOLS FOR NEGRO PRINTERS News Paper Representatives

Recommend Plans to Instruct in the Art Preservative

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 3.—(Reciprocal news service) A school will be established in Nashville, Tenn., for the purpose of turning out competent linotype operators, type compositors, printers, pressmen, book by a resolution which was presented at the executive committee meeting of the National Negro Press Association in session in this city, Aug. 13, 14, 15. There were members of the executive committee present from twenty states, and in the discussion that followed it developed that some of the best newspapers in the United States and some of the well-regulated printing establishments operated by members of the race were suffering for the lack of trained, efficient help.

In the resolution offered, the National Baptist Publishing Board was called upon to throw open the doors

of their mammoth plant for the training of this help. A representative from the National Baptist Publishing Plant stated that they had four Linotype Machines, one Scott's All Size Rotary Press, one Duplex Perfecting Press, five Cylinder Presses, a number of Job Presses, a Washington Hand Press, a complete book binding establishment consisting of anything from a letter folder to a mammoth Dexter self-feeder Folder and a composing room occupying one entire third floor. He said the Plant which occupies about seven brick buildings, could offer the best training in practical work, but that they would only co-operate in this movement with the understanding that the individual is identified, the printers and newspaper representatives participating in the proposed plan would only send to them candidates who when properly instructed, would return to their respective employees for employment. It is understood that only a minimum cost would be attached to the instruction. Among those taking part in the discussion, and foremost in pushing the plan were J. E. Mitchell, of The St. Louis Argus, Nick Chiles, of the Topeka Plaindealer, J. Finley Wilson of the Washington Eagle, J. Oldfield of the Chattanooga Defender, L. L. Campbell of the Texas Liberator, a representative from The St. Louis Independent-Clarion, and several other newspapermen. The details for working out the complete proposition were left in the hands of a sub-committee appointed by the chairman for final action at the annual Press Association meeting to be held in Nashville next February.

NATIONAL NEGRO PRESS LOCATES ADVERTISING OFFICE.
New York City, N. Y.—Nov. 10 (Reciprocal News Service)—In keeping with the spirit of the Advertising Committee of the National Negro Press Association to give better service to the Negro newspapers, the Association, through its Advertising Committee, has opened offices in this city in Rooms 208-209, located at 203 Broadway. Mr. J. R. B. Whitney, formerly of Toronto, Canada and former Editor and Owner of the Canadian Observer, who was added to the Advertising Committee last February, is in charge of the office. He stated this past week that he had just had a conversation over the long distance phone with the Corresponding Secretary's Office at Nashville, Tenn., and that he was in possession of about one-half of the affidavits from the newspapers belonging to the Associa-

tion, of their circulation of last year, and that with these affidavits, with a carefully compiled list of the combined circulation, he was ready to go into the open market and sell space in the newspapers belonging to the Association throughout the United States to large space buyers.

Mr. Whitney has for the past five or six days been making the rounds in the city, getting introduced to representatives of other Advertising Firms and with the Newspaper Fraternity. The opening of the office is a further consummation of the Standardized Advertising plan formulated by the National Negro Press Association several weeks ago. It is the purpose of Mr. Whitney, so he said, to make a vigorous campaign of foreign advertising matter to be placed in all of the papers belonging to the Association, paying them a standard rate for each inch used in each insertion.

NEGRO PUBLISHER TAKEN AT POLLS

Dunjee Charged With Soliciting Votes Within the Limit and Jailed.

Roscoe Dunjee, negro, publisher of the Black Dispatch, was arrested yesterday by J. A. Brown, deputy sheriff, on a complaint signed by H. G. Oliver, secretary of the election board. The complaint charged him with a violation of the election laws in soliciting votes of negroes within 50 feet of the polling place in precinct 133 of ward 2.

No Bond Made.

Dunjee was placed in the county jail at 3 o'clock in the afternoon and efforts to make bond for him by his friends and have the bond approved failed. A. T. Boys, city attorney, and Charles B. Selby, former county attorney, declared that many responsible negroes had offered to sign the negro's bond, but that they were unable to locate W. R. Taylor, county judge, and have him approve the bond. The negro denied that he had violated the law and declared that he was only advising those negroes who came to him for advice.

Complaint Made.

Oliver asserted that complaints were made in the morning that Dunjee was violating the law and that when he visited that precinct early in the afternoon he found Dunjee near the voting booths soliciting negroes. He warned him, he said, as the precinct election judge and inspector had done, to stay the 50-foot limit from the voting booths and when he refused Oliver went back to the court house and signed the complaint against him.

Of Interest to Colored People

WASHVILLE TENN. TENNESSEAN
JANUARY 6, 1919

By M. R. BERRY.

The Government of the United States, through the Federal Board of Vocational Education, in connection with the War Department, will undertake to restore all of its soldiers to their former self-supporting activities, in recognition of the sacrifices they have made in the fight for the liberty of the world, and of the fact that they have given freely of the strength of their bodies in defense of their country's flag.

The Government is of the opinion that the announcement of such a plan cannot fail to inspire confidence in the soldier that his material interests are being cared for by competent authority and that the nation has no intention of forgetting his valued services and sacrifices. The centralization of this important matter under one directing agency cannot fail to make for efficiency and success. Wives, mothers and sisters of the brave fellows who went cheerfully to war and who have come back to them with a broken body, from wounds, shell shock, gases, exposure, disease or accident, are asked by the Government to back them up in their fight for readjustment and to urge them not to lose their ambition or enthusiasm in life, and through responsiveness become a charge or a burden to their loved ones. The Government of the United States is able and willing to make provision to help the disabled American soldier overcome his handicaps and take his place as an independent worker among men.

Vocational Training or Re-Training for Service.

Announcement is made that the Federal Board for Vocational Education will undertake the training of a disabled soldier for a new occupation or re-training to better fit him for his former occupation, this training to be free of cost, if he is entitled to compensation under the war risk insurance law. His expense of training, personal living expenses and allowances for the support of his dependents will be paid by the Government, if he chooses to undertake training under the auspices of the Federal board, which is made solely responsible to Congress for this work. The family or dependents of each disabled man will receive from the Government during his period of training the same monthly allowance as that paid prior to his discharge from the army or navy. It is left entirely at the option of the disabled man as to whether or not he chooses to take advantage of the Government's offer to retain him and re-establish him in civilian life. Therefore, this suggestion is made that the wives, mothers, sisters and sweethearts of the men for whose benefit this provision has been made, exert their big influence to the end that their loved ones may make the right decision.

Adapting Training and Locality to Individual Needs.

Each case is treated individually, hence each man, if possible, is given his course of training adapted to his specific needs, and he is re-established as a worker near his own home. If conditions are such that this cannot be done, loyal American women are asked to still lend their aid in having the men take this training, even if they should be called upon to bear up bravely through a slight extension of the period of separation and exhibit anew the fortitude and heroism which they so handsomely showed when the call to arms was first made. By taking advantage of the Government's offer of training, the soldier may be able to realize his ambitions to finish his work in college or trade school or master the vocation he had set his heart upon completing, when side-tracked by pre-war circumstances. He may thus become more efficiently trained and become eligible for a better job than he had before the war took him to camp or field. He must not be permitted to go to work as an unskilled laborer merely because the wages are good. He should be thoroughly trained for a job he can keep when times are not so prosperous and for

one in which he will have opportunities to gain promotion. It is understood that the federal board will make a special survey of the man power needs of every section of the country, North, South, East and West, with a view of determining the character of the occupations which present the best opportunities for the men for whom employment is sought, and to train them for the pursuits for which they are most likely to find a market for their services. It is expected that places may be found available for them in industrial, agricultural, commercial and technical avenues, and the desires of those who wish to engage in professional callings will not be overlooked. The primary endeavor will be to fit the individual man for the job for which his inclination and capacity seem to indicate the strongest probability of success, scientifically adjusted to the likelihood for there being a demand for his services in the line of work selected.

Solemn Duty of Wives, Mothers, Sisters and Sweethearts of American Soldiers.

The Government, in making this announcement, points out to the wives, mothers and sisters of the disabled American soldier, regardless of race, their solemn duty in helping the men of their families to make up their minds on this important question. It is realized that the discouragement or encouragement of the women relatives may be the deciding thing in the man's life. The country appeals to each woman interested in any man to stand squarely back of him in his fight to make good and to become the useful citizen that his talents and opportunities permit him to be. They should help the men get in touch with the Federal Board for Vocational Education and insist, if necessary, that they accept the generous offer of the Government to fit him for a life of independence and self-helpfulness.

The work that has thus been undertaken by the federal board for vocational education is of the most far-reaching and fundamental benefit to the disabled soldiers of every type and class, and it is necessary for general approval cannot be emphasized too forcibly nor too insistently by the colored race, the clergy, secret societies and colored women of the country, whose earnest co-operation the Government is now seeking in its effort to make its program of soldiers' rehabilitation a nation-wide success.

Full particulars as to the methods by which all soldiers may be restored to self-supporting activity may be obtained by addressing an inquiry to the federal board for vocational education, Washington, D. C., who will take up the matter directly or refer inquiries to the district office of the board nearest their home cities. Fourteen districts, in all, have been organized in connection with this service, with headquarters located at the following places:

District No. 1—Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts and Rhode Island. Office, room 432 Tremont Building, Boston, Mass.

District No. 2—Connecticut, New York and New Jersey. Office, room 711, 280 Broadway, New York.

District No. 3—Pennsylvania and Delaware. Office, Penn Square Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

District No. 4—District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia. Office, 606 F street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

District No. 5—North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Tennessee. Office, Candler Building, Atlanta, Ga.

District No. 6—Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana. Office, 822 Maison Blanche Annex, New Orleans, La.

District No. 7—Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky. Office, 906 Mercantile Library Cincinnati, O.

District No. 8—Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin. Office, 1600 the Westminster, 110 South Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

District No. 9—Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas

and Missouri. Office, 517 Chemical Building, St. Louis, Mo.

District No. 10—Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota. Office, room 74 Metropolitan Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

District No. 11—Wyoming, Colorado, New Mexico and Utah. Office, 909 Seventh street, Denver, Col.

District No. 12—California, Nevada and Arizona. Office, 97 Monadnock Building, San Francisco, Cal.

District No. 13—Montana, Idaho, Oregon and Washington. Office, Seattle, Wash.

District No. 14—Arkansas, Oklahoma and Texas. Office, 810 Western Indemnity Building, 1000 Main street, Dallas, Tex.

Dr. Carey E. Morgan Speaks to Colored "Y."

Dr. Carey E. Morgan, who speaks at the men's meeting at the Colored Y. M. C. A. Sunday at 4 p. m., it will be recalled left the United States for France last July 15th, and returned October 30. He visited Scotland and England, but spent most of the time in France, visiting many of the most important military points. He was present at St. Mihiel when the Americans won that big victory. Dr. Morgan's mission to France was primarily to gather important data to be used in the big United War Work campaign, which began upon his return to Tennessee.

There can be no doubt as to this being in many respects, one of the most interesting Association meetings held for a long time. Mr. B. P. H. Johnson will direct the congregational singing and Mr. Lewis Earl Green of Iowa will render a solo.

Madam Mable Overton Here.

Madam Mabel Overton, formerly of this city, was here during the holidays, visiting her sister and brother, Dr. and Mrs. Bracken of 512, East Fourth street. She will be remembered as having operated a millinery shop in this city and friends will be pleased to learn she has a modern establishment of the same kind in Chicago, Ill., where she is now living.

Soldier Back on the Job.

The House electrician of the Bijou Theater, Earl Stone Pinkerton, who was called into the service of the National Army some time ago and received training at Fisk University and Hampton Institute, returned to the city before the holidays, and after visiting friends and relatives throughout the state was welcomed back to the theater Friday, from whence he had been relieved for the duration of the war. Young Pinkerton specialized while in training in radio telegraphy.

Colored Principals Meet.

A meeting of the colored principals of city schools was held at the Y. M. C. A. December 20 at 7:30 p. m., Prof. J. B. Batte president, presiding.

The election of officers was the main feature of the meeting. The following were elected for the ensuing year: F. N. Green, president; R. S. White, vice-president; Mrs. S. E. Page secretary. The next meeting of this organization of education will be held at the "Y" January 3.

Events at Pearl High.

The High School Council, an organization of the teachers of the Pearl High School, headed by the principal, Dr. F. G. Smith, has been formed at the school. The object of this body is to study high school courses throughout the country and thus keep informed as to the latest movements in high school circles. Such new features as appeal to the council as appropriate for inclusion into the course at Pearl will be brought to the attention of the school authorities.

A plan is on foot which originated in the fecund brain of the principal of the Colored High School by which every student in the city and civilian as well will be requested not to use the nickname nigger with reference to the colored people. The principal states that the idea occurred to him after reading an editorial against the use of nicknames as applied to foreigners, in which it was pointed out how the term "Wop," "Dago" and numerous other such

nicknames carried a sting to the soul of the man misnamed. As the United States Bureau of Education has launched a campaign against this nickname evil, leaving the negro out the principal states that the students of the high school have signed pledges to never use or answer to the term. Other schools, it is understood, will join in the plan.

"The Days of 1776" is the name of a drama which a number of students of the school will present to the public early in the year. The play has a cast of eleven persons and will furnish entertainment for two hours. The plot is a good one and carries one back to the revolutionary period when the British held Philadelphia in 1776, 1777, and a part of 1778, when upon the news of the approach of the French fleet, evacuated it for New York and spent the time in gayety, dancing and feasting, although Washington and his men were freezing and starving at Valley Forge, they found time and means to outwit many of the plans of the British.

A number of letters have been received at the school from graduates of Pearl who have seen active service on the battlefields of France, among those heard from were: William Anderson, class 1910; Jesse L. Leach, class 1911; Herbert Allison, class 1912, all of whom are officers in the National Army.

The vacancy left by Miss J. L. Childress, who resigned to accept a position with the urban league of East St. Louis, former domestic science teacher of the Pearl High School, has been filled by Miss D. N. Compton, daughter of William H. Compton, of this place.

Bishop Evans Tyree to Speak at St. Paul's

A home-coming and re-enrollment service will be held today at St. Paul's A. M. E. Church at 11 a. m. Bishop Evans Tyree, prelate of the church, who has charge of the churches in the east, will deliver a special sermon at this hour. Special music under the direction of A. G. Price, chorister of the choir, will be rendered. Every member of the church will re-enroll at this service. The Young People's Union will have charge of this part of the service.

Recipe Party Monday Night.

A recipe party will be given in the lecture room of St. Paul's Church Monday night. Elizabeth Cook-Jackson, domestic science supervisor of the negro public schools of the city, will give some valuable demonstrations. A number of musical and literary renditions will be given on a carefully arranged program.

News Notes and Personal Mention.

Carl Merrill of the Great Northern Hotel has just returned from Louisville, where he has met many of the boys from here who are still at Camp Taylor.

Mrs. L. Ross is in the city, after an extended trip through Georgia, Alabama and his state. She has been looking after interests of Buva College, of which she is secretary.

Professors Eberhardt and Allen, before going to Camp Taylor, were lectured with the faculty of the A. A. State Normal School, were in the city during the week on furlough. They returned to duty at the camp, where they will assist in the work of discharging the students now there.

Hubbard Hospital Club to Meet.

The members of the Hubbard Hospital Club will hold their regular meeting in the parlors of the hotel Monday, January 6, at 4 p. m. Mrs. Burrus, the president of the club, expects that every member be present, as some of their most important reports will be made.

Centenary Conference Held.

The centenary area conference of the E. churches of the state met in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. Thursday, Dec. 19, C. Sherrill, head of the movement in the district, presided over the meeting. Nashville Methodists will launch their campaign Monday night, January 6, at the Clark Memorial Church in this city. A number of officials of the M. E. Church in Nashville, Brentwood, Flat Rock and nearby towns are asked to be present. Interesting addresses will be delivered on the movement by W. D. Hawkins, chairman; J. W. Wells, Corresponding Secretary; J. C. Sherrill, Area Secretary; Frank M. Bristol, president.

ing Bishop. Prominent ministers of the state have been in the city to attend the meeting.

Annual Meeting of Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors of the People's Savings Bank & Trust Co. will hold their annual meeting Wednesday evening, January 8, in their banking house, 410 Cedar street. It is said that this is one of the most prosperous years of the bank, and the largest amount of stock having been sold in any one year will be reported by the cashier. The officers are looking forward towards a healthy meeting. This bank has been organized for about ten years under the administration of Dr. J. R. Singleton, president, and W. D. Hawkins, cashier. Much stock has been sold during the year, and sales will be continued during the year 1919.

The play, "The Shepherds and the Wise Men," presented by the dramatic club of the library last Sunday, was very entertaining to all present. This club is doing a great work of study along a literary line.

The Big Sisters of the Forward Quest girls carried baskets to shutins and flowers to the hospitals during the Christmas season. These young women are taking an active part in various activities of the race here.

MEMPHIS TENN. TENNESSEAN
JANUARY 10, 1919

NEGROES DELIGHTED WITH PROHIBITION

Means Much Financially and Morally to Race—Campaign for University.

BY REV. T. O. FULLER.

The negro is delighted with the attitude of the South as to national prohibition. As fast as the legislatures meet they are ratifying the prohibition amendment. The negro sees his second emancipation in the suppression of the liquor traffic. It means much for him financially and morally. Much of the crime committed can be traced to the influence of strong drink, and when it is put out of the way a great many reforms can follow.

The colored canteen has served nearly 2,000 soldiers since it opened a few months ago. The work should be liberally supported.

Too often friends who stand ready to help the race are handicapped and embarrassed because of the pressure of conflicting appeals. Not willing to make choice, they decline to do anything, and worthy causes are left to suffer. When all mean the same, why not pool interests?

Dr. John H. Seward, dentist, is still confined to his home by illness.

Dr. E. E. Nesbitt will address the student Y. M. C. A. at the Howe building Sunday afternoon.

The question of the supremacy of the law is so vital to the welfare of the state that it should not be made the football of party politics. Remedial measures should be supported by good citizens as a whole.

Dr. W. T. Vernon has just returned from Philadelphia, where he served as the principal speaker at the tercentenary celebration of the coming of the negro to this country. The program was an elaborate one and the occasion was full of historic interest to the negroes of the country.

Beginning next week the University of West Tennessee will institute a dollar rally campaign to augment its maintenance fund. This school has given the race only 200 graduates in medicine, dentistry, law, pharmacy and nurse training who are practicing in 20

different states and four foreign countries. It is estimated that its medical graduates, who held commissions, treated over 5,000 sick and wounded negro soldiers on the battle front in France. The great work done by the institution has been at the sacrifice of those who have fostered it. There are only three medical schools for negroes in the United States and the University of West Tennessee is the only one conducted entirely by negroes in the United States. Judging by the records these graduates make before the state boards and by their high professional department, the school certainly deserves the unstinted support of the race. Let's boost their dollar campaign. Each contributor will be given free, a highly patriotic calendar styled the "Negro Victory Calendar."

INDIANAPOLIS NEWS

Notes of the Colored Folk.

The Poro Agents' Club met Tuesday evening with Mrs. Dove Long in West Walnut street.

Mrs. Cora Jackson will be hostess to the Modern Art Club next Wednesday evening at home.

Mrs. Anna Blyth, of Villa avenue, entertained the Ne Plus Ultra Club Wednesday noon.

Thursday Coterie was the guest of Rosa Jackson in West Michigan street week.

Halford, who is a student in Indiana city, was the guest of friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Foster, in Massachusetts avenue, were guests of relatives in Louisville last week.

Mrs. Dove Smith, in Drake street, was hostess to the Five Hundred Club Thursday afternoon at her home.

The War Workers' Club was the guest of Mrs. P. S. Bent Tuesday afternoon at her home in Highland place.

Miss Eugenie Dent will entertain the auxiliary of the Service Club this evening at her home in Highland place.

Miss Juanita Gorham was hostess to the Mothers' Art Club Wednesday evening at her home in Boulevard place.

The Ladies' Alliance of Bethel A. M. E. church was entertained by Mrs. Paxton at the Richelieu flats Friday afternoon.

A mass meeting of the women of Bethel A. M. E. church was held last Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the church.

The Patriotic Knitting Club held a meeting with Mrs. Lucy Marshall Monday evening for the purpose of reorganization.

A benefit card party was given at the War Camp Community Service Club Friday evening. Mrs. Samuel Gray was in charge.

Mrs. Robert Higan, in West North street, was hostess to the East End Needle Club Friday afternoon. Mrs. Ada Goins is the president.

Dr. L. A. Lewis, who was recently appointed medical inspector in the colored schools of the city, entered on the work this week.

Mrs. Stella Rhodes, in Fayette street, was hostess to the Gold Leaf Club this week at her home. Mrs. Etta Turner entertained the club last week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gee, who has been the guest of friends and relatives here since the holidays, returned this week to her home in West Baden.

The Phillis Wheatley Club, of which Mrs. Millie Carter is the president, will be entertained by Mrs. Mattie Tolbert, 637 Ogden street, next week.

Mrs. William Jackson, in Camp street, is matron at the Flanner House Settlement instead of Mrs. Laura Jackson, as was previously announced.

Miss Lulu Thomas entertained the Flora Grant Mite Missionary Society Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Josephine Moore in Martindale avenue.

The Woman's Club will be the guest of Mrs. Mayme Shelton Monday afternoon at her home in North California street. Mrs. Creella Lee is the president.

The Rev. C. H. Johnson returned from Birmingham, Ala., last week and occupied the pulpit of the Witherspoon Presbyterian church at both services Sunday.

The Phillis Wheatley Club was the guest of Mrs. Millie Carter at its last meeting. Mrs. Mattie Parnell, in West Pratt street, will be hostess at the next meeting.

Mrs. Melvina Smith was hostess to the deaconess and stewardess boards of Allen

chapel recently. The Rev. E. A. Clark made a talk and Mrs. Ella Williams read a paper.

Dr. W. W. Brown, in North Senate avenue, entertained at a stag Sunday afternoon in honor of visiting members of the Christian workers' conference at the College of Missions.

The newly elected officers for Ruth Temple, No. 33, are Mrs. Ella E. Faison, Mrs. Henrietta Moore, Mrs. Emma White, Mrs. Lizzie Holden, Mrs. Fannie Moore and Miss Mae Mason.

All-day services will be held at the Union Tabernacle Baptist church tomorrow, with the pastor, the Rev. J. D. Renfor, occupying the pulpit. Communion will be observed at 3 o'clock.

The Rev. E. A. Clark, pastor of Allen chapel, will occupy his pulpit at both services tomorrow. The O. N. T. Club, of Allen chapel, was entertained by Mrs. Ethel Reed Wednesday afternoon.

The Junior Missionary Society of Bethel A. M. E. church will meet at the home of Mrs. James Crump next Wednesday afternoon at 3:30. Sydonia Stewart is the president, Lucile Allison is secretary.

The newly elected officers of the B. Y. P. U. of the Union Tabernacle Baptist church are Foster Ellis, president; Maymie Harris, vice-president; Mrs. Carpenter, secretary, and Mrs. Elizabeth Jackson, treasurer.

Mrs. Mary Sharp, of Topeka, Kas., who attended the conference of Christian church workers in this city last week, spent some time visiting the public schools this week. She left Thursday evening for her home.

The educational board of the Baptist Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Society will hold a meeting with Mrs. R. D. Leonard next Thursday afternoon at her home in Pleasant street. Mrs. Cordia Ford is the president.

Mrs. Emma DuValle attended a meeting of the executive board of the Household of Ruth at Rockport, Ind., last Friday. En route she visited Mrs. Bessie Jones at French Lick, and with Mrs. Jones called at the United States army hospital.

A general session of the city B. Y. P. U. organizations was held last Sunday at Mt. Carmel Baptist church. A large number of local organizations were represented. Robert E. Donaldson is the president and Miss Ruth Price is the secretary.

The evangelistic meetings at Jones Tabernacle A. M. E. Zion church, of which the Rev. S. B. Davis is the pastor, have been largely attended. The Rev. R. L. King of Bluefield, W. Va., is in charge. Music has been a special feature of the meetings.

Installation of officers for Sisters of Charity No. 4 was held Monday evening at the Second Baptist church, of which the Rev. B. J. P. Westbrooks is the pastor. The principal talk was made by the Rev. Mr. Westbrooks. Mrs. Ada Goins had charge of the installation.

Dr. E. W. Moore, of Columbus, O., was the speaker for the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday evening, at which time his subject was "The Aristocracy of Service." Monday evening he addressed a citizens' meeting on "Breaking Down the Bars."

The Rev. R. L. King, who is conducting revival services at Jones Tabernacle A. M. E. Zion church, will address the Interdenominational Ministers' Council Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock at the colored Y. M. C. A. E. Ford will sing. The Rev. A. H. Maloney is the president.

The mothers' department of the Flora Grant Mite Missionary Society will be entertained at the colored men's branch of the Young Men's Christian Association next Thursday. There will be a musical program and a paper on "Mother's Love" will be read. Ella Eakins will be in charge.

The local branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, of which R. L. Brokenburr is the president, will observe "Soldiers' day" at the Y. M. C. A. Thursday evening, January 23. The program will be given by the discharged soldiers who have seen service overseas.

The Rev. F. S. C. Wicks, pastor of the Unitarian church, will be the speaker for the Monster meeting of the colored men's branch of the Young Men's Christian Association tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, his subject being "Curses and Blessings." The boys' department orchestra will be in charge of the musical program preceding the meeting.

The Girls' Recreation Center in Indiana, to be under the direction of Miss O. V. Stratton, will hold its opening vesper meeting next Sunday afternoon at which time the Rev. E. A. Clark, pastor of Allen chapel, will be the speaker. The meeting to have been held with eighth grade girls has been set for Saturday afternoon, January 25, at

held last Sunday evening at the home of Mrs. Price.

A "mortgage burning" featured the services at Mt. Zion Baptist church last Sunday evening. The Rev. G. W. Ward is the pastor. He came to the congregation twelve years ago when the membership was small. The church was a small frame structure. The new building is constructed of brick and has a large seating capacity. The church enters upon the new year without a cent of indebtedness.

The fellowship meeting that has been conducted at St. John A. M. E. church was unusually successful. Among those who addressed the congregation during the week are the Rev. E. A. Clark, the Rev. D. N. Walker, A. T. Long, principal of school No. 16, and Miss O. V. Stratton, head of the girls' recreational center. The Rev. T. H. Stoner is the pastor, and he will occupy his pulpit at both services tomorrow.

The Women's Home Missionary Society of Simpson chapel will be the guest of Mrs. Stevens, in Fayette street, Friday afternoon. Mrs. Lucy Porter is the president. The Rev. P. T. Gorham will occupy his pulpit at both services tomorrow. Mrs. Carrie Daniels was hostess to the Ladies' Aid No. 2 Thursday afternoon, while the hostesses for Aid No. 1 and the Brayden Aid, respectively, were Mrs. Eliza Hayden and Mrs. Booker.

The Elizabeth Carter Council of Federated Colored Clubs, of which Mrs. Carrie Crump is the president, was the guest of Mrs. Alice Frazier at the meeting last Tuesday evening. Mrs. Nancy Walker, in West Twelfth street, will be hostess at the next meeting next Tuesday afternoon. All presidents of clubs and their representatives are requested to be present for important business. Mrs. Gertrude B. Hill, state president, will be present.

The Rev. W. Z. Thomas, state missionary for the Baptist churches, will fill the pulpit of the Corinthian Baptist church tomorrow at the morning service, and in the evening he will preach at the New Baptist church, of which the Rev. W. W. Wines is the pastor. He will assist at the communion services of the Shiloh Baptist church in the afternoon, where the Rev. F. L. Morris is the pastor. The Rev. Mr. Thomas filled the pulpit at Mt. Zion Baptist church in Connersville last Sunday.

Mrs. Silas Priestley entertained at tea last Friday afternoon from 4 to 6 in honor of her guest, Mrs. Preston Taylor, of Nashville, Tenn. About a hundred guests were present. The home was decorated in pink and white. Those assisting Mrs. Priestley were Mrs. H. L. Herod, Mrs. Harry Radcliffe, Mrs. Clarence Settles, Mrs. William Peyton, Mrs. Francis Robinson and Miss Edith Simms. Visiting members of the national conference of Christian church workers were guests of honor.

The Alpha Home board acknowledges contributions from the mothers' department of the missionary society of the Second Baptist church, the Allen Endeavor Society of Bethel A. M. E. church, the stewardess board of Jones Tabernacle, the Florence Nightingale and Golden Leaf clubs, the missionary society of the First Baptist church, of Irvington; the Ne Plus Ultra Club, Community Club No. 1, Mrs. Sallie Fishback, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, C. C. Andrews, and public schools Nos. 17, 37, 25 and 40.

The Rev. C. H. Johnson, who has charge of the pulpit of the Witherspoon Presbyterian church, will begin a series of sermons on "Prayer" tomorrow morning, at which time his subject will be "If Ye Shall Ask Anything in My Name, I Will Do It." The subject for the evening services will be "The Social Element in Christianity." The Young People's Christian Union has been reorganized and regular meetings will be held at 7 o'clock. The subject for tomorrow will be "Our Relation to God."

"Jehovah's Message," will be the theme of the morning sermon of the Rev. H. L. Herod tomorrow, at the Second Christian church, and in the evening there will be a gospel song service. The Katherine Blackburne Missionary Society will hold its regular meeting tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock, with the program in the charge of Miss Sallie Reed's division. Mrs. Kate Weathers is the president. Miss Ruth Herod will be the leader of the Christian Endeavor meeting at 7 o'clock, her subject being, "Our Relation to God."

Mrs. Ella Brice, in Highland place, will be hostess to the Improvement Club Monday afternoon. Papers will be read by Mrs. Beulah Price and Mrs. Ellen Posey, their subjects being, "The Food Situation in Europe" and "Prostitution and Its Prevention." Members who have not completed the membership assessment are urged to do so in order to meet the need of money for the general relief work among tuberculosis patients. A called meeting of the financial board was

held last Sunday evening at the home of Mrs. Price.

Miss Mary Smoot and Miss Lorianne Thomas will give a benefit musicale and dance next Friday evening at Pythian Castle hall for the scholarship fund of the Society of Ethical Culture. Tickets are now on sale. The society gives an annual scholarship of \$100 to some worthy high school graduate who desires to pursue a collegiate course. Dr. O. W. Langston is chairman of the scholarship committee.

Professor J. N. Ervin, head of the Jarvis Christian institute, at Hawkins, Tex., filled the pulpit of the Second Christian church last Sunday morning. At the Sunday school period Professor Ervin spoke of the work that is being done in Jarvis institute, a school for colored people. More than 600 acres of land was given for the site by Mrs. J. J. Jarvis. The school is largely supported by the Christian Woman's Board of Missions in this city, about \$22,000 having been spent on the work during the last year. Professor Ervin is a graduate of Teachers' college, Columbia university. The school is organized with academic, industrial, musical and Biblical departments, with a corps of eighteen teachers, and is accomplishing much toward the education of the large colored population of that region.